

the bombardment 650 wounded, fifty nurses, a number of nuns and several priests.

Forty-two bombs hit the hospital, inflicting considerable damage to the chapel in which the wounded are quartered.

The Roumanian government promptly addressed an energetic protest to all neutral and allied governments against this violation of humanitarian principles outlined and protected in article 27 of the treaty of October 18, 1907.

HAPSAL ABANDONED

BY RUSSIAN FORCES
PETROGRAD, October 21.—Hapsal, the important city on the coast of the Estonian mainland, east of the Moon Sound, has been evacuated by the Russians, following the German naval success in the sound. This was announced by the War Office to-night.

Hapsal lies fifty-two miles southwest of Reval and 252 miles southwest of Petrograd. It is flanked by coast fortifications, which were put out of action by the German long-range naval guns. Once deprived of its defensive powers, the city, with the bay immediately to the north, forms an excellent landing place for the Germans, who may intend to take Reval from the rear.

The official statement frankly concedes that the latest events in these waters have rendered the situation in the Baltic archipelago extremely grave for the Russians.

A number of Zeppelins have bombarded those parts of the Zifra Gulf coasts still held by the Russians. The coasts of the Gulf of Finland also were bombed.

A number of women and children were killed in these German bombardments.

I. W. W. IN STRIKE PLOT

Activities Bared in Arrest of Alleged Organizer and Draft Dodger

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
HENRYETTA, OKLA., October 21.—A plot to force the 3,600 coal miners in this district out on strike, directed from Industrial Workers of the World headquarters, in Minneapolis, was bared here to-day, the police allege, by the arrest of Earl Ebert, twenty-six years old, alleged Industrial Workers of the World organizer and draft dodger.

A letter carried by Ebert, and purporting to be from W. E. Hoff, national secretary of the Industrial Workers of the World, ordered Ebert to make every effort to keep the miners from their work. Some of them were out on strikes last week for a day, before John P. White, and Puel Administrator Garfield ordered Western strike postponed until mediation had been tried again.

Ebert carried in his pockets scores of pictures of prominent citizens of the country, and also pictures of W. E. Little, the Industrial Workers of the World organizer lynched recently at Butte. "Martyr" was inscribed on the back of Little's picture. Other photographs of railroad wrecks were labeled, "Our revenge."

According to W. W. Melien, chief of police, Ebert carried a false sailor's license, and a registration card, No. 290, a number which has been called for service.

RAIDERS CLAIM 120 LIVES

Estimate of Casualties When Fleet Is Destroyed in North Sea

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
LONDON, October 21.—One hundred and fifty lives were lost on Wednesday, when five Norwegian, one Danish and three Swedish vessels were sunk by two German raiders in the North Sea.

The British Admiralty statement on Saturday stated that a total of 135 officers and men of the British destroyers Mary Rose and Strong Bow were lost when those two vessels were sunk by raiders. The Mary Rose and the Strong Bow were conveying the merchantmen when the attack occurred.

BELIEVES TOTAL LOSS

WILL BE MUCH GREATER

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
KRISTIANIA, October 21.—The Afternoon has definitely ascertained that sixteen Norwegians, seventeen Swedes and eighty-seven Englishmen were killed in the convoy attack of Wednesday, but says the number is probably much greater. The entire crew of one steamer, consisting of eleven men, were killed, except the captain. Twenty men from the Wistur were saved, but of the crew of the Wikander, only the captain and the third officer were saved, and the remaining seventeen are believed to have been killed. Of this number three were women.

EDISON TO TELL SECRETS

Will Explain Plans for Defeating U-Boats to Naval Board on Wednesday

WASHINGTON, October 21.—Thomas A. Edison, the wizard of Menlo Park, will tell the Naval Board on Wednesday the secrets he has devised for helping win the war. The inventor of so many marvels has been busy for months in his laboratory. It is said that his chief subject will be the plans he has made for defeating the submarine ravages. Edison spends much of his time in Washington now.

PATROL SHIP ASHORE

Small Vessel on Duty Off Atlantic Coast Damaged During Recent Storm

WASHINGTON, October 21.—Another mishap in the American navy, the fifth within a month, was announced by Secretary Daniels this afternoon. It was not serious. A small patrol ship on duty off the Atlantic coast was driven ashore by a storm which has been sweeping the coast for several days.

According to reports which had reached the department to-night, the vessel was not seriously damaged and none of the crew was lost or injured.

The patrol ship is the second which has been in trouble, another having had an explosion aboard, which cost the life of one man.

The other recent mishaps were the sinking of a patrol boat through collision with an unidentified steamer, and the two submarine attacks—one an American destroyer and the other the sinking of the Antilles.

RUSSIAN PEACE PROGRAM COVERS WIDE TERRITORY

Drawn Up by Executive Committee of Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates.

CONSISTS OF TWELVE ARTICLES

One of Them Demands Neutralization of Panama Canal, and Another Calls for Restitution of All Colonies to Germany.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

PETROGRAD, October 21.—The Russian peace program, as drawn up by the central executive committee of the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates, in the form of instructions to M. Skobelev, ex-Minister of Labor, its delegate to the Paris conference, consists of fifteen articles, covering the whole ground from Panama to Persia. Article XI demands the "neutralization" of the Panama Canal, and Article IX calls for the restitution of all colonies to Germany. The program of the central executive committee follows:

"First. Evacuation by the Germans of Russia, and autonomy of Poland, Lithuania, and the Lettish provinces.

"Second. Autonomy of Turkish Armenia.

"Third. Solution of the Alsace-Lorraine question by a plebiscite, the voting being arranged by local civil authorities after the removal of all the troops of both belligerents.

"Fourth. Restoration to Belgium of her ancient frontiers, and compensation for her losses from an international fund.

"Fifth. Restoration of Serbia and Montenegro, with similar compensation. Serbia to have access to the Adriatic. Bosnia and Herzegovina to be autonomous.

"Sixth. Disputed Balkan districts to receive provisional autonomy, followed by a plebiscite.

"Seventh. Roumania to be restored her old frontiers on condition that she grant Dobruja autonomy, and grant equal rights to Jews.

"Eighth. Autonomy for the Italian provinces of Austria, to be followed by a plebiscite.

"Ninth. Restitution of all colonies to Germany.

"Tenth. Re-establishment of Greece and Persia.

"Eleventh. Neutralization of all straits leading to inner seas and also the Suez and Panama Canals. Free-ship navigation for merchant ships. Abolition of the right to torpedo merchant ships in war time.

"Twelfth. All belligerents to renounce war contributions or indemnities in any form, but the money spent on the maintenance of prisoners, and all contributions levied during the war to be returned.

"Thirteenth. Commercial treaties not to be based on the peace treaty. Each country may act independently with respect to its commercial policy, but all countries to engage to renounce an economic blockade after the war.

"Fourteenth. The conditions of peace should be settled by a peace congress, consisting of delegates elected by the people and confirmed by Parliament. Diplomats must engage not to conclude secret treaties, which hereby are declared contrary to the rights of the people and consequently void.

"Fifteenth. Gradual disarmament by land and sea, and the establishment of a non-military system."

The instructions to M. Skobelev end by recommending him to seek to remove all obstacles to the meeting of the Stockholm conference, and to secure the granting of passports.

KERENSKY OPENS RUSSIAN PRELIMINARY CONFERENCE

PETROGRAD, October 20.—Premier Kerensky, on opening the Russian preliminary Parliament to-day, in the Marinsky Palace, made a ringing speech, in which he said:

"Russia wants peace by right, but we never will bow our heads to force."

This declaration was warmly applauded by the members of all political factions. The premier, who has just recovered from a recent illness and was slightly pale, stood on a raised dais in the great audience hall. His address was largely confined to an explanation of the military situation and a declaration as to the necessity of saving the country. He said:

"We must fight only to save the country."

The Bolsheviks left only occasionally applauded. Premier Kerensky, in the course of his speech, paid an enthusiastic tribute to the valor of the Russian sailors, but he could not say as much for Russian troops on land.

After this address, the Premier offered the presidential chair to Madame Catharine Breschkovskaya, the "grand mother of the revolution," as she is the senior member of the preliminary Parliament. She received a great ovation as temporary chairman, and, after a speech, invited the assembly to elect its president. M. Ayskientoff, chairman of the executive committee of the Council of Peasants' Delegates, was elected president by a majority of 288.

SENATOR HUSTING KILLED

Dies of Wounds Accidentally Inflicted by His Brother While Duck Hunting.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., October 21.—United States Senator Paul G. Husting, of Wisconsin, died at a farm house near Rush Lake, Wis., late to-night as a result of wounds accidentally inflicted upon him while duck hunting with his brother, Gustav, while hunting ducks to-day.

Senator Husting recently returned to his home at Maryville after the close of an extra session of Congress, where he was one of the leading supporters of the administration's war program.

With his brother he had gone on a hunting expedition to Rush Lake, and the two were in a boat when the accident occurred. He had sighted a flock of ducks and called for his brother to fire, and at the discharge of the full charge of the gun in his back. He was rushed to the farm house, where all efforts to save his life were unavailing.

American Officers Topnotch Golfers

Every Destroyer Numbers Three or Four Dozens of the Ancient Sport.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

BASE AMERICAN FLUTILLA IN BRITISH WATERS, September 30.—The American officers are becoming topnotch golfers. Only a handful of them played the game "back in the States," but now every destroyer numbers three or four dozens of the ancient sport.

Season is now in full swing and almost any fair day groups may be seen monopolizing the links. The Americans not only have revived the game in these parts, but so many of them have taken up golf that they have put the local club on a paying basis and generally made themselves popular with the residents.

When the Americans arrived, the links, which are on the top of the cliffs overlooking the sea, were somewhat neglected, but they have now been put into first-class conditions. The grass has been cut and the greens have been rolled as never before. Caddies have been attracted from distant parts, encouraged by the generosity of the Americans, whose tips are much sought after.

The clubhouse is a most picturesque old castle, built in 1536. There is all sorts of tradition attached to it. It resembles greatly Blarney Castle, and was originally built by the chief of an old clan, who ruled the country for miles about.

Tea is served in the great room of the castle. Whitewash alone covers the rough stone walls and the ceiling.

Often an old native member of the club will drop in to regale the Americans with tales of the clubhouse or anecdotes of the game. A native who gave up making golf sticks and bags has returned to his profession since the Yankee invasion," and he gives his spare moments to teaching the American beginners the fine points of the game.

The course is a nine-hole affair, with plenty of hazards, but the Americans can play on an eighteen-hole course by visiting links some five miles from their base.

ONLY 40 PER CENT OF LIBERTY LOAN MAXIMUM RAISED

(Continued from First Page.)

by many societies to thwart the pernicious and seditious attempts to interfere with the success of the loan.

"Approximately 250,000 clergymen to-day urged the purchase of Liberty bonds in sermons dealing specially with the loan and its purposes. 'The Star-Spangled Banner' also was sung in almost every church in the country."

GERMAN-AMERICANS WORK FOR SUCCESS OF LOAN

NEW YORK, October 21.—Two thousand men, women and children of German birth or descent, grouped around the Carl Schurz monument in Central Park to-day, reaffirmed their allegiance to the United States and pledged themselves to aid to the end in waging war against "the enemies of Liberty and freedom." The meeting, which began as a Liberty loan rally, ended as an impressive patriotic demonstration when the throng joined in singing "The Star-Spangled Banner."

The singing of the national anthem, a number not on the program, was begun without prompting from their leaders, for children assembled at the base of the statue of the American patriot of German birth. The children, dressed to a triumphant chant as men and women took up the strain. "Give and give to the land your means, and let us carry on the war to victory."

Some of the pleas of the German-American speakers which moved their auditors to cheers.

Francis Sigel, son of General Sigel, of Civil War fame, who presided, moved his audience to a high pitch of enthusiasm when he said:

"It is not necessary for Americans of German blood to affirm their patriotism, for our arms are lined up shoulder to shoulder in defense of justice and liberty—the same principles for which Carl Schurz fought!"

George Sylvester Viereck, editor of Viereck's Weekly, formerly The Fatherland, said the Americans of German birth or descent have a right to feel that Uncle Sam; they will not fail him now.

In another part of the park 20,000 persons attended a Liberty loan meeting held near the captured German battleship Janed the Liberty loan committee of England, and which has been renamed the Buy-U-Save-Bond. Approximately \$100,000 was subscribed by 340 persons during the meeting.

DENOUNCES DISLOYALTY IN SCATHING TERMS

ATLANTIC CITY, October 21.—"The world has its faith on President Wilson, who stands for peace without surrender," declared Bishop Richard J. Cook of Helena, Mont., to-day at a great patriotic rally in the new Dixon Theater.

The rally was conducted by the board of bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church. About 2,000 persons attended. Bishop Cook declared that the Methodist Church is wholly and unconditionally supporting the decision of the United States and the allies to fight on until the backbone of Prussianism is broken and world democracy is achieved.

Bishop Cook made a strong plea for universal support, throughout America, of President Wilson, to whom he paid a glowing tribute. He scored the L. W. W. anti-socialism and all forms of disloyalty in scathing terms. The bishop argued for a united front.

"Persistent resistance of any peace propaganda not in accordance with the ideals of the President," he warned against giving credence or attention to peace pleas, "even though they come from the Vatican at Rome."

The board of bishops, which has jurisdiction over the whole Methodist world, save England, will meet in annual council to-morrow, to discuss the war program and the church's policy for the coming year. Principal among the topics to be considered will be the war budget of \$3,000,000 a year for five years.

BUYS BONDS WITH PROCEEDS OF STOCK EXCHANGE SEAT

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, October 21.—Private Louis A. Ripley, One Hundred and Twenty-first Aero Squadron, at Kelly Field, purchased to-day from officers in charge of the campaign, 100 Liberty bonds. The officers expressed surprise at the size of the order, and also the unusual number. Ripley explained by saying: "I have just sold my seat in the New York Stock Exchange for \$20,000, and the bonds are the best investment I know."

ROOSEVELT LOST SIGHT OF ONE EYE WHILE BOXING

Accident Which Occurred While He Was President Made Public for First Time.

BACK TO OYSTER BAY TO-DAY

Newspaper Men Received by Colonel at Health Farm Near Stamford, Where He Has Been Taking Course of Treatment.

STAMFORD, CONN., October 21.—Weighing 202 pounds, and with a girth of 42 1/2 inches, former President Theodore Roosevelt received newspaper reporters and posed for camera men and moving-picture photographers this afternoon at a health farm here.

When Colonel Roosevelt began his course of treatment at the health farm on October 8 he weighed 216 pounds, and his waist line measured forty-six inches.

During the two weeks his daily schedule has been this:

Arise 7:30; breakfast 8:15; attend to correspondence until 10; then four miles' brisk walking on the half-mile track at the place, followed in the gymnasium by shadow-boxing and advanced abdominal exercises and baths to free his system of poisonous sediments and to break down old tissue and build up new.

The session in the gymnasium lasted until 12:15. Lunch was taken at 1:15. This was followed by a period for his correspondence, and the track gym exercises of the forenoon were repeated.

Dinner was served at 6:45, and every night at 9 the Colonel went for a two-mile walk. He was thoroughly massaged before retiring at 10 P. M. No restriction was placed on his diet. He ate whatever he wanted and as much as he wanted. Although he did not say it to the reporters, he was quoted as saying that he felt fifteen years younger than when he came here.

The Colonel this afternoon gave first-rate proof of his excellent physical condition. First he posed for the cameras with William Warren Barbour, a Princeton graduate and wealthy New York clubman, who some years ago won the amateur heavyweight boxing championship of New York; Mayor John P. Mitchell, of New York; A. McAffee, a millionaire copper dealer, and William Zeigler, the millionaire baking powder man.

COLONEL SETS FAST PACE FOR DASH AROUND TRACK

Colonel Roosevelt, with Mr. Barbour on one side of him and Gus Nowka on the other, then started on a circuit of the half-mile track on the place which was a dash of hill-and-dale dash up and down hills and through cabage patches along the borders of a lake. Colonel Roosevelt hit up so fast a pace that Mayor Mitchell turned back before half the circuit had been made, and the little army of newspaper men and onlookers were all winded when the dash was over. He covered the distance in six and a half minutes.

Later in a formal statement he said he intended to make some campaign speeches for Mayor Mitchell. He said he had been anxious to have William Warren Barbour meet Jack Johnson in the prize ring, and that he would have bet all he could afford on Barbour to win. He made public for the first time the fact that the sight of one of his eyes was destroyed at Washington when he was President, during boxing exercises with a young captain of artillery who was on his staff there. Colonel Roosevelt expects to return to-morrow to Oyster Bay.

Colonel Roosevelt was in knickerbockers of a khaki-like texture. He wore an olive drab army shirt, reddish brown woolen stockings, and tan army shoes. He was without a hat.

Colonel Roosevelt denounced a clergyman who was quoted in dispatch to New York newspaper under date of October 19, from Atlantic City, as saying that Colonel Roosevelt had announced that he would be unable to keep a tentative speaking engagement the day after tomorrow because his physician had ordered him to cancel all speaking engagements and take a complete rest.

"That," said Colonel Roosevelt, "is complete fake. They asked me to speak and I declined. I haven't seen a physician for months. No human being told me either to cancel a speaking engagement or to take a complete rest."

NEWS OF ASHLAND

ASHLAND, VA., October 21.—Mr. and Mrs. Murry Morris Duke announce the marriage of their daughter, Mary Morris, to Eugene Guy Delarue. The ceremony was performed in Washington on Tuesday, October 16, after an extended trip Mr. and Mrs. Delarue will live in Ashland.

Rev. William Goodwin left Saturday for his home, in Rochester, N. Y., after a visit to friends here.

Mrs. Horst of New York, has arrived to spend some time with her sister, Mrs. J. R. Fleet.

The women of Hanover County, under the leadership of Mrs. H. C. Scott, honorary president of the Hanover Chapter, U. D. C., and Mrs. Ruth Key, directress of the Bette Rosser Chapter, Children of the Confederacy, have donated to the Home for Needy Confederate Women, in Richmond, sixty-one quarts of canned fruit, vegetables, and preserves, five bushels of potatoes, and about four bushels of apples. These goods have already been shipped and received at the home, and still more are coming in to be sent down.

Dr. R. E. Blackwell president of Randolph-Macon College, left Thursday for Philadelphia, where he is attending a meeting of College presidents, called to discuss the war conditions as affecting the colleges.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Barnes have as their guests Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Barnes, of Baltimore; Mr. and Mrs. Ralph S. Barnes, of Oneida, Tenn.; and Mr. Raymond Barnes, of Mt. Airy, Md.

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350 ROOMS—300 BATHS
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MANAGER

PROOF OF DETAIL GIVEN FOR EVERY STATEMENT IN FLAG DAY SPEECH

(SPEECH MADE AT OYSTER BAY)

force, as their natural tools and instruments of domination. Their purpose has long been avowed." And, proving this statement, the professors say:

"In telegrams signed 'Nicky' and 'Wilhy,' the Czar and German Emperor are shown to have been arranging in 1905 for a secret alliance against Denmark. In case of war with England, Denmark was to be treated as Belgium has been in the present war, except that a preliminary effort was to be made to make the Danes see and accept the inevitable."

Conception of the German idea is given in quotations from German newspapers, official papers and official communications, to indicate that Germany desired to rule the earth and get it anyway it could. Here are a few:

"In order to live and lead a healthy and joyous life, we need a vast extent of arable land."

"The German people is so situated in Europe that it needs only to run and take whatever it requires."

"Humanitarian dreams are ineffectual. Diplomatic charity begins at home. Statesmanship is business. The German people are right because they number 77,000,000 souls."

"Now, people of Germany, we shall be masters of Europe."

Then the professors go on to show, backing up the President's remarks, how Germany filled the thrones of the Balkan states with German princes; put German officers at the service of Turkey to drill her armies; developed plans of sedition and rebellion in India and Egypt, and set the fires in Persia. They show that the demands made by Austria upon Serbia were a mere single step in a plan which compassed Europe and Asia from Berlin to Baghdad.

THOMAS EMMETT SEATON WILL BE BURIED TO-DAY

Funeral Will Take Place From Home of Brother, John E. Seaton, at 2:30 o'clock.

Funeral services for Thomas Emmett Seaton, who died suddenly on a Richmond-Washington train Saturday night, will be held from the home of his brother, John E. Seaton, 2506 Grove Avenue, at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon.

The active pallbearers will be J. P. Brady, D. C. O'Leary, Albert Alsop, H. K. Franklin, J. M. Clift, John Howard, W. J. Parrish and H. O. Elchell.

Honorary—Judge Edmund Waddill, Jr., Judge Beverly T. Crump, Judge Jeter C. Pritchard, C. V. Meredith, George Bryan, John F. Mayer, O. J. Sands, W. C. Camp, H. W. Rountree, Edgar G. Gunn, H. Harwood, Walter Holladay, L. H. Jenkins, G. C. Dula, Garnett Tabb, James R. Gordon, O. B. Hill, J. O. Scott.

DEATHS IN VIRGINIA

Mrs. Clarence Powells.
Mrs. Goldie Powells, wife of Clarence Powells, of 250 North Twenty-third Street, died early yesterday morning. Besides her husband and three small children she leaves four brothers, Percy N., and James N. Brown, of this city; Louis N. Brown, United States Navy, and William, United States Army.

Funeral of Mrs. Connally.
Funeral services for Mrs. Alice T. Connally, who died here in St. Luke's hospital Saturday night, after a few weeks' illness, will be held from her home, "Fernhurst," Asheville, N. C., to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. Her body was taken to Asheville yesterday.

James R. Guy.
NORFOLK, VA., October 21.—James Ringgold Guy died yesterday morning at his residence, 910 Llewellyn Avenue, after two years' illness, aged twenty-one years. Mr. Guy was a widely-known and very popular citizen, having many friends in the city, by whom he was greatly esteemed. He had held a number of public positions in Norfolk—United States inspector of boilers, high constable, plumbing inspector, and member of the City Council. He was a member of Atlantic Lodge of Masons, and of the Freemasons' Street Methodist Church. He is survived by his wife, three daughters, Miss Marie G. Guy, of Norfolk; Mrs. Frank Hope, of Brooklyn, N. Y., and Mrs. E. D. Price, of Richmond, and a son, Julian R. Guy, of Norfolk. The funeral will be held at the residence to-morrow at 4 P. M., Rev. S. W. Mellon, D. D., of the Free Mason Street Baptist Church, officiating. Burial in Cedar Grove Cemetery.

Mrs. Benjamin McKinney.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
LYNCHBURG, VA., October 21.—Mrs. Benjamin McKinney, aged sixty-five years, died on Friday at Bedford. She is survived by her husband and two sons. She was a native of Bedford County.

Mrs. Martha Jane Layne.
[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]
LYNCHBURG, VA., October 21.—Mrs. Martha Jane Layne, fifty-five years of age, died on Saturday at her home in Madison Heights.

Mrs. Martha J. Pettit.
BALTIMORE, MD., October 21.—Mrs. Martha J. Pettit, widow of William J. Pettit, died suddenly at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Harry T. Reamy, 3926 Park Heights Avenue yesterday. She is survived by the following children: Emmett L. Pettit, of Laurel, Md.; William and Clarence M., of Richmond; Mrs. John B. Ensor, of Mount Washington; Mrs. Harry T. Reamy and Miss Sallie M. Pettit.

EMPEROR WILLIAM STOPS AT SOFIA DURING RETURN

Resumes Journey to Germany After Dining With King Ferdinand and Royal Family.

PRaises Turkish Armies

Lays Claim to Proud Honor in Being Appointed Field Marshal, He Asserts in Responding to Sultan's Toast—Together Spread Kultur.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
AMSTERDAM, October 21.—A Sofia dispatch states that Emperor William arrived there Friday from Constantinople. The Emperor dined with King Ferdinand and the royal family at Castle Vrana, near Sofia, and resumed his journey to Germany at midnight, Friday.

MEET AT PALACE BANQUET